

LOWER VALLEY FIRE PROTECTION DISTRICT

Financial Statements and
Report of Independent Auditors
For the Year Ended December 31, 2018

LOWER VALLEY FIRE PROTECTION DISTRICT

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December 31, 2018

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INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

To the Board of Directors
Lower Valley Fire Protection District
Fruita, CO

I have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities and the major fund of the Lower Valley Fire Protection District, State of Colorado (the District) as of and for the year ended December 31, 2018, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

My responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on my audit. I conducted my audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. Those standards require that I plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, I express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

I believe that the audit evidence I have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for my audit opinions.

Opinions

In my opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities and the major fund of the Lower Valley Fire Protection District, State of Colorado, as of December 31, 2018, and the respective changes in financial position for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Other Matters

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis on pages 3-5, required pension schedules on pages 23-26, and budgetary comparison information on pages 27 be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. I have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to my inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge I obtained during my audit of the basic financial statements. I do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Paul D. Miller, CPA, LLC

Grand Junction, Colorado
February 22, 2019

LOWER VALLEY FIRE PROTECTION DISTRICT
MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS
DECEMBER 31, 2018

The discussion and analysis is designed to provide an analysis of the District's financial condition and operating results and to inform the reader on District financial issues and activities. Please read it in conjunction with the District's financial statements that follow the Management's Discussion and Analysis.

USING THIS ANNUAL REPORT

The financial statements included in this annual report are those of a special-purpose government engaged only in a Government-type activity. The following statements and schedules are included:

- Statement of Net Position and governmental fund balance sheet – reports the District's current financial resources (short-term spendable resources with capital assets and short and long-term obligations). (See page 6)
- Statement of revenue, expenditures, and changes in fund balances – governmental and statement of activities – reports the District operating and non-operating revenues by major source along with operating and non-operating expenditures. (See page 7)
- Statement of revenues, expenditures, and change in fund balance actual and budget – compares the District's budgeted and actual revenues and expenditures for the year ended December 31, 2018 (See pages 27)

STATEMENT OF NET POSITION

The following table shows the condensed statement of Net Position for the past two years.

Years ended December 31,	2018	2017
Current assets	\$ 2,677,658	\$ 2,326,820
Net Pension Assets:		
Statewide Plan	160,154	-
Volunteer Plan	614,130	341,267
Deferred Outflows of Resources	257,475	432,709
Capital assets (net of depreciation)	3,827,138	3,999,387
Total assets	7,536,555	7,100,183
Current liabilities	118,107	62,577
Net Pension Liability-SWDB	-	35,086
Long-term liabilities	65,645	42,900
Total liabilities	183,752	140,563
Deferred Inflows of Resources		
Property Taxes	1,528,653	1,187,265
Statewide Pension Plan	44,399	1,705
Volunteer Pensis Plan	101,067	1,201
	1,674,119	1,190,171
Net Position		
Invested in capital assets	3,827,138	3,999,387
Restricted for Tabor emergency	111,009	74,953
Restricted for Pensions	886,293	735,984
Nonspendable	52,953	63,770
Unrestricted	801,291	895,355
Total Net Position	\$ 5,678,684	\$ 5,769,449

**LOWER VALLEY FIRE PROTECTION DISTRICT
MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS
DECEMBER 31, 2018**

The Net Position of the District decreased \$90,815 from \$5,769,499 in 2017 to \$5,678,684 in 2018. The District's total assets increased from \$7,100,183 in 2017 to \$7,536,555 in 2018 for a difference of \$436,372. The District's total liabilities increased in 2018 by \$527,137.

REVIEW OF REVENUES

Years ended December 31,	<u>2018</u>	<u>2017</u>
Operating revenue		
Charges for services	\$ 1,220,995	\$ 988,437
Total	<u>1,220,995</u>	<u>988,437</u>
Non-operating revenue		
Specific ownership tax	207,432	181,887
General property tax	1,205,344	1,189,102
Interest income	15,158	5,406
Other revenue	187,364	134,041
Grants	<u>38,812</u>	<u>18,409</u>
Total	<u>1,654,110</u>	<u>1,528,845</u>
Total revenue	<u>\$ 2,875,105</u>	<u>\$ 2,517,282</u>

The District's total revenues increased in 2018 by \$357,823 from 2017. The increase in revenue was due mainly to an increase in property taxes the District received.

REVIEW OF EXPENDITURES

	<u>2018</u>	<u>2017</u>
Operating expenditures:		
Fire & ambulance operations	\$2,943,930	\$2,415,896
Depreciation	242,486	220,047
Pension activity	(150,258)	16,228
Capital outlays	<u>(70,238)</u>	<u>(78,538)</u>
Total Expenditures	<u>\$2,965,920</u>	<u>\$2,573,633</u>

The District's total expenditures increased in 2018 by \$392,287, which was largely because of an increase in payroll expense.

The major capital assets purchased, which are included in the \$3,827,138 total for 2018, were as follows:

- Ambulance equipment \$45,580
- Administration offices remodel \$11,158
- Donated boat valued at \$13,500

LOWER VALLEY FIRE PROTECTION DISTRICT
MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS
DECEMBER 31, 2018

ECONOMIC AND OTHER FACTORS

Lower Valley Fire Protection District was set up as an independent District and began operations in 1980. The District began receiving property tax revenues during 1980.

The economy of the Fire District's has started to grow slowly over the past several years. With the upward trend in the economy, we are starting to see an increase in not only growth but also call volume. Although there has been an increase in activities in the area of oil and gas production, most of the increase has been due to residential housing and tourism.

FINANCIAL CONTACT

The District's financial statements are designed to present users (service users, taxpayers, and creditors) with a general overview of the District's finances and to demonstrate the District's accountability. If you have any questions concerning this report or need additional financial information, please contact the Fire Chief, Lower Valley Fire Protection District, P.O. Box 520, Fruita, Colorado 81521, or 970-858-3133.

Lower Valley Fire Protection District
Statement of Net Position and Governmental Fund Balance Sheet
December 31, 2018

	General Fund	Adjustments	Statement of Net Position
ASSETS			
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 888,398	\$ -	\$ 888,398
Accounts receivable rescue (less allowance of \$728930)	152,579	-	152,579
Property taxes receivable	1,528,653	-	1,528,653
Other receivables	55,075	-	55,075
Prepaid Expenses	52,953	-	52,953
Net Pension Asset FPPA SWDB	-	160,154	160,154
Net Pension Asset FPPA Volunteer	-	614,130	614,130
DEFERRED OUTFLOW OF RESOURCES			
Pension FPPA SWDB	-	171,896	171,896
Pension FPPA Volunteer	-	85,579	85,579
CAPITAL ASSETS			
Land	-	16,543	16,543
Building and improvements	-	3,359,776	3,359,776
Vehicles	-	1,868,610	1,868,610
Equipment	-	834,693	834,693
Office equipment	-	69,051	69,051
Construction-in-process	-	-	-
Less Accumulated depreciation	-	(2,321,535)	(2,321,535)
TOTAL ASSETS	<u>\$ 2,677,658</u>	<u>\$ 4,858,897</u>	<u>\$ 7,536,555</u>
LIABILITIES			
Accounts payable	\$ 83,478	-	83,478
Other current liabilities	4,633	-	4,633
Accrued payroll	29,996	-	29,996
Compensated absences	65,645	-	65,645
Net Pension Liability-SWDB	-	-	-
TOTAL LIABILITIES	<u>183,752</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>183,752</u>
DEFERRED INFLOW OF RESOURCES			
Property taxes	1,528,653	-	1,528,653
Pension FPPA Volunteer	-	101,067	101,067
Pension FPPA SWDB	-	44,399	44,399
TOTAL INFLOW OF RESOURCES	<u>1,528,653</u>	<u>145,466</u>	<u>1,674,119</u>
FUND BALANCE			
Emergency reserve - TABOR	111,009	(111,009)	-
Nonspendable	52,953	(52,953)	-
Unassigned	801,291	(801,291)	-
TOTAL FUND BALANCE	<u>965,253</u>	<u>(965,253)</u>	<u>-</u>
TOTAL LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCE	<u>\$ 2,677,658</u>		
NET POSITION			
Invested in capital assets, net of related debt	\$ -	3,827,138	3,827,138
Restricted for:			
TABOR emergency	-	111,009	111,009
Pensions	-	886,293	886,293
Nonspendable	-	52,953	52,953
Unassigned	-	801,291	801,291
TOTAL NET POSITION	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ 5,678,684</u>	<u>\$ 5,678,684</u>

Adjustments to reconcile the governmental fund balance sheet to the statement of net position are as follows:

Fund balance per general fund balance sheet	\$ 965,253
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and, therefore, are not reported in the funds	3,827,138
GASB 68 Pension Adjustment	886,293
Net Position	<u>\$ 5,678,684</u>

The notes to the financial statement are an integral part of this statement.

Lower Valley Fire Protection District
Statement of Revenue, Expenditures, and Change in Net Position-Governmental
and Statement of Activities
For the Year Ended December 31, 2018

	General Fund	Adjustments (See Page 4)	Statement of Activities
EXPENDITURES/EXPENSES			
Fire & ambulance-operation	\$ 2,873,692	\$ -	\$ 2,873,692
Capital outlay	70,238	(70,238)	-
Pension Activity	-	(150,258)	(150,258)
Depreciation	-	242,486	242,486
Total expenditures/expenses	<u>2,943,930</u>	<u>21,990</u>	<u>2,965,920</u>
PROGRAM REVENUES			
Charges for services	1,220,995	-	1,220,995
Net program (expenses) revenue	<u>(1,722,935)</u>	<u>(21,990)</u>	<u>(1,744,925)</u>
GENERAL REVENUES			
Property taxes	1,148,140	-	1,148,140
Specific ownership	207,432	-	207,432
Public safety tax	57,204	-	57,204
Grant revenue	38,812	-	38,812
Interest income	15,158	-	15,158
Miscellaneous income	187,364	-	187,364
Total general revenues	<u>1,654,110</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>1,654,110</u>
Excess of Revenue over (Under) expenditures	<u>(68,825)</u>	<u>(21,990)</u>	
Change in net position			<u>(90,815)</u>
NET POSITION			
Beginning of the year	1,034,078	4,735,421	5,769,499
End of the year	<u>\$ 965,253</u>	<u>\$ 4,713,431</u>	<u>\$ 5,678,684</u>

The notes to the financial statement are an integral part of this statement.

Lower Valley Fire Protection District
Statement of Revenue, Expenditures, and Change in Net Position-Governmental
and Statement of Activities
For the Year Ended December 31, 2018

Amounts reported for the governmental activities in the statement of activities (page 6) are different because:

Excess of expenditures over revenues - general funds (page 7)	\$ <u>(68,825)</u>
Governmental funds report capital outlay as expenditures. However, in the Statement of Activity the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives and reported as depreciation expense:	
Capital outlay	70,238
Depreciation	<u>(242,486)</u>
	<u>(172,248)</u>
 GASB 68 Activity	 <u>150,258</u>
 Change in net position of governmental activities (page 7)	 \$ <u><u>(90,815)</u></u>

The notes to the financial statement are an integral part of this statement.

LOWER VALLEY FIRE PROTECTION DISTRICT

Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

December 31, 2018

The town of Fruita, Colorado, organized a Fire Protection Unit in 1972. This unit was split from the town in 1980 and became its own separate district known as the Lower Valley Fire Protection District. The purpose of the district is the prevention of fire and the protection of life and property in the event of fire, accident, disaster, and to provide emergency medical services.

Financial Reporting Entity

The Lower Valley Fire Protection District is a special district as defined by Colorado statutes and is governed by an elected board of directors. The Board of Directors has oversight responsibility and control over all activities within its boundaries. The board is not included in any other governmental "reporting entity" as defined by GASB pronouncement, since board members are elected by the public and have decision making authority, the authority to levy taxes, the power to designate management, the ability to significantly influence operations and primary accountability for fiscal matters.

Government-Wide and Fund Financial Statements

The government-wide financial statements (i.e., the statement of Net Position and statement of activities) report information on all of the non-fiduciary activities of the primary government and its component units. For the most part, the effect of inter-fund activities has been removed from these statements.

Governmental activities, which normally are supported by taxes, are reported separately from business-type activities, which rely to a significant extent on fees and user charges for support. Likewise, the *primary government is reported separately from certain legally separate component units* for which the primary government is financially accountable. The District has no business-type activities or component units.

The statement of activities demonstrates the degree to which the direct expenses of a given function or segment is offset by program revenues. *Direct expenses* are those that are clearly identifiable with the specific function or segment. *Program revenues* include 1) charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use, or directly benefit from goods, services, or privileges provided by a given function or segment and 2) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function or segment. Taxes and other items not properly included among program revenues are reported as *general revenues*.

Separate financial statements are provided for governmental funds and fiduciary funds, even though the latter are excluded from the government-wide financial statements. The District has only one governmental fund, the *General Fund*

Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting and Financial Statement Presentation

The government-wide financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting as are the fiduciary fund financial statements. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of the related cash flows. Property taxes are recognized as revenues in the year for which they are levied. Grants and similar items are recognized as revenues as soon as eligibility requirements imposed by the provider have been met.

LOWER VALLEY FIRE PROTECTION DISTRICT

Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

December 31, 2018

Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting and Financial Statement Presentation - continued

Governmental fund financial statements are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recognized as soon as they are both measurable and available. The District considers revenues to be available if they are collectible within 120 days except for property taxes, which are considered available, if they are collectible within 60 days after year-end. Property taxes, and interest associated with the current year are considered to be susceptible to accrual and so have been recognized as revenues of the current year. Expenditures generally are recorded when a liability is incurred, as under accrual accounting. However, debt service expenditures, as well as expenditures related to compensated absences and claims and judgments, are recorded when payment is due.

The government reports the following major governmental fund:

The General Fund is the District's operating fund. It accounts for all financial resources of the government. Additionally, the District reports the following fund type:

Fiduciary funds account for resources held for other parties outside the government. The District has one fiduciary fund the Pension Trust Fund that accounts for the activities of the assets held in the Fire and Police Member's Benefit Fund, an agent multi-employer defined benefit pension plan administered by the Colorado Fire and Police Pension Association (FPPA).

As a rule, the effect of inter-fund activity has been eliminated from the government-wide financial statements. Exceptions to this general rule are certain charges between the District's Fiduciary Fund and various other functions of the government as these are considered external to the government.

Amounts reported as program revenues include 1) charges to customers or applicants for goods, services or privileges provided, 2) operating grants and contributions, and 3) capital grants and contributions, including special assessments. Internally dedicated resources are reported as general revenues rather than as program revenues. Likewise, general revenues include all taxes.

Budgets and Budgetary Accounting

In accordance with the State Budget Law, the District's Board of Directors holds public hearings, in the fall each year to approve the budget and appropriate the funds for the ensuing year. The appropriation is at the total fund expenditures level and lapses at year-end. The district's Board of Directors can modify the budget by line item within the total appropriation without notification. The appropriation can only be modified upon completion of notification and publication requirements. The budget includes each fund on its basis of accounting unless otherwise indicated.

The budget is prepared on the same basis as that of the fund financial statements.

The detail of the budget calendar is outlined below:

- October 15 – Deadline for Budget Officer to submit: proposed budget to the government board. The Governing body must publish "Notice of Budget" upon receiving proposed budget.
- December 15 – Deadline for certification of mil levy to the Board of County commissioners.
- December 22 – Deadline for the Board of County Commissioners to levy taxes and to certify the levies to the Assessor.
- December 31 - Statutory deadline for local governing body to adopt budget. A certified copy of the adopted budget must be sent to the Division of Local Government within 30 days of adoption.
- On or before
December 31 - The District shall enact an ordinance appropriating the budget for the ensuing year.

LOWER VALLEY FIRE PROTECTION DISTRICT
Summary of Significant Accounting Policies
December 31, 2018

Property Taxes Receivable

Property taxes are levied on December 22 of each year and attach as an enforceable lien on the property as of January 1. They are payable in full April 30, or in two equal installments due February 28 and July 31. The County bills and collects property taxes for the district. Property taxes collected by the County are remitted to the District in the subsequent month. Property taxes are reported as receivable and deferred revenue when levied and as revenue when collected in the following year.

Risk of Loss

The District is exposed to various risk of loss related to torts, theft of, damage to and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees and volunteers; and natural disasters. The District maintains commercial insurance coverage for general liability, workers compensation, property, vehicles damage and liability, umbrella, management liability and public official bond. The District did not have any claim settlements in excess of coverage for each of the last three years.

Capital Assets

The accounting and reporting treatment applied to the capital assets associated with a fund are determined by its measurement focus. Capital assets are long-lived assets of the District as a whole. When purchased, such assets are recorded as expenditures in the governmental type fund.

All capital assets are valued at historical cost or estimated historical costs if actual historical cost is not available. The assets have a useful life of 5 to 40 years and are depreciated on the straight-line method. It is the District's policy to capitalize individual items costing \$1,000 or more. The District has no infrastructure assets.

Compensated Absences

A total of 12 to 21 days' vacation and 6 days for 40 hour employees to 16.8 days for 56 hour employees of sick leave per year may be accumulated by each employee; however, employees are not paid for the accumulated sick leave upon retirement or other termination. Each employee may accumulate a maximum of 208 hours of vacation. The District accrues a liability for the compensated absences, which meet the following criteria:

1. The District's obligation relating to employees' rights to receive compensation for future absences is attributable to employee's service already rendered.
2. The obligation relates to rights that vest or accumulate.
3. Payment of the compensation is probable.
4. The amount can be reasonably estimated.

In accordance with the above criteria, the District has accrued a liability for the vacation pay, which has been earned but not taken by District employees.

Use of Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenue and expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

LOWER VALLEY FIRE PROTECTION DISTRICT
Summary of Significant Accounting Policies
December 31, 2018

Fund Balance

The District has approved the following Fund Balance policies:
Committed fund balances are approved by the District's Board via a majority vote. The District does not use the assigned fund balance designation.

The District considers restricted amounts to have been spent for purposes for which both restricted and unrestricted fund balance is available

The District considers committed amounts to have been spent for purposes which any unrestricted fund balance classifications could have been used.

Net Position

Net position represents the difference between assets and liabilities. The balance invested in capital assets net of related debt consists of capital assets net of accumulated depreciation and related debt. Amounts are reported as restricted when there are constraints placed on their use either by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation or through restrictions externally imposed by creditors, grantors, laws, or regulations of other governments.

Pensions.

For purposes of measuring the net pension liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions, and pension expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the Fire & Police Statewide Defined Benefit Plan and additions to/deductions from Fire & Police Statewide Defined Benefit Plan's fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by the Fire & Police Pension Association of Colorado. For this purpose, benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

The Entity also participates in the Volunteer Fire Department Pension Fund (VFDP), an agent multiple-employer Public Employee Retirement System (PERS), administered by FPPA, which represents the assets of numerous separate plans that have been pooled for investment purposes. The net pension liabilities or assets, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions, pension expense, information about the fiduciary net position and additions to/deductions from the fiduciary net position of the pensions have been determined using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. For this purpose, benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

Subsequent Events

Management has reviewed subsequent events through the date of the audit report.

LOWER VALLEY FIRE PROTECTION DISTRICT
Notes to Financial Statements
December 31, 2018

Note 1- Pension Plan –Non-Fire Fighter

The Lower Valley Fire Protection District provides a retirement plan for all of its full time non-Fighter employees through the Colorado Officials and Employees Retirement association Retirement Plan. The plan is a defined contribution money purchase plan. Employees participate in the plan immediately after employment. The employees and the District each contribute 6% of gross wages and the employee may voluntarily contribute from 6% to 10% of gross wages. In addition, in order to provide for past service benefits, participants may make lump sum contributions from time to time. Each employee is immediately vested 100% in his or her interest in the District's contribution. The total non-Fighter payroll for the District for 2018 was \$200,183 and the District's contributions were based on a payroll of \$200,183. Both the District and the covered employees made the required contributions and voluntary contributions in the amount \$12,011 (6%) for the District and \$12,011 (6%) for the employees.

Note 2 – Defined Benefit Pension Plan – Volunteer Pension

General Information about the Pension Plan

Plan Description

The Entity contributes to the Volunteer Fire Department Pension Fund (VFDP), an agent multiple-employer Public Employee Retirement System (PERS) administered by the Fire & Police Pension Association (FPPA). The PERS represents the assets of numerous separate plans that have been pooled for investment purposes. The pension plans have elected to affiliate with FPPA for plan administration and investment only. FPPA issues a publicly available comprehensive annual financial report that can be obtained on FPPA's website at <http://www.fppaco.org>. For the measurement period ending December 31, 2017, the VFDP included membership of 17 retirees and beneficiaries, 8 inactive, non-retired members, and 21 active members for a total of 46 members.

Benefits Provided.

Normal Retirement

A member is eligible for a normal retirement pension once the member has completed twenty years of credited service and has attained the age of 50. The monthly regular retirement benefit is \$600. A supplemental monthly pension payment to a volunteer who has attained the age of 50 years and who has been in active service in excess of 20 years can receive an extended service amount up to 5% of the monthly pension amount per additional year of service. The amount cannot exceed a maximum of ten additional years.

Vested Retirement

A member with 10 or more but less than 20 years of service is eligible to receive a benefit of \$30 per month times the number of vesting years.

Disability Retirement Benefit

A member is eligible for long-term disability for injuries in the line of duty. Long-term disability is a lifetime amount after one year of service of \$400 per month.

LOWER VALLEY FIRE PROTECTION DISTRICT
Notes to Financial Statements
December 31, 2018

Note 2 – Defined Benefit Pension Plan – Volunteer Pension-continued

General Information about the Pension Plan-continued

Survivor Benefits

Survivor benefits are available at one-half of the amount of the normal retirement pension, or \$300 per month. This amount is available to a survivor following death after normal retirement, following death in the line of duty as a volunteer firefighter before retirement eligible, and \$300 following death after disability retirement. An additional amount of \$15 per month is available following death after normal retirement with extended service amount per year of service and following death after vested retirement with 10 to 20 years of service per year of service. Survivors may include spouse, child under 18 years of age, or dependent parent. This annuity shall cease if the surviving spouse or dependent parent remarries and dissolution of a subsequent marriage does not reinstate the annuity. Whenever the pension board increases the retirement pension payable to volunteer firefighters, that increase will also be applied to the pension benefits of survivors of firefighters killed in the line of duty.

Funeral Benefits

A one-time funeral benefit is paid of \$310 in the event of a death of a member.

Contributions.

The Entity contributes from proceeds of a property tax mill levy. The Plan is construed and enforced in accordance with Colorado Revised Statute Title 31, Article 30. Per CRS 31-30-1112, State contributions to any municipality or district must equal ninety percent of all amounts contributed by the municipality or district under section 31-30-1110 in the previous year, but, notwithstanding any other provision of this part 11, the state contribution shall not exceed one-half mill on the previous net valuation for assessment of the municipality or district assuming one hundred percent collection. For 2018, the Entity contributed \$0 and the state's matching contribution was \$0.

Pension Liabilities/ (Asset), Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

At December 31, 2018, the Entity reported a net pension liability/ (asset) of \$(614,130). The net pension liability/ (asset) was measured as of December 31, 2017, and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability/ (asset) was determined by an actuarial valuation as of January 1, 2017. The total pension liability as of December 31, 2017 is based upon the January 1, 2017 actuarial valuation.

For the year ended December 31, 2018, the Entity recognized pension expense of \$(10,368). At December 31, 2018, the Entity reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	<u>Deferred Outflows of Resources</u>	<u>Deferred Inflows of Resources</u>
Difference between expected and actual experience	\$ 9,060	\$ 101,067
Assumption Changes	16,538	-
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on pension plan investments	<u>59,981</u>	<u>-</u>
Total	<u>\$ 85,579</u>	<u>\$ 101,067</u>

LOWER VALLEY FIRE PROTECTION DISTRICT
Notes to Financial Statements
December 31, 2018

Note 2 – Defined Benefit Pension Plan – Volunteer Pension-continued

General Information about the Pension Plan-continued

Pension Liabilities/ (Asset), Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions-continued

\$29,406 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pensions, resulting from contributions subsequent to the measurement date, will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the year ended December 31, 2018. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Year ended December 31:	
2019	\$ 20,871
2020	\$ 7,254
2021	\$(18,347)
2022	\$(25,266)
2023	\$ -
Thereafter	\$ -

Actuarial Assumptions.

Actuarially determined contribution rates are calculated as of January 1 of odd numbered years. The contribution rates have a one-year lag, so the actuarial valuation as of January 1, 2017 determines the contribution amounts for 2018 and 2019. The valuation used the following actuarial assumptions and other inputs:

Actuarial Method	Entry Age Normal
Amortization Method	Level Dollar, Open*
Amortization Period	20 Years*
Asset Valuation Method	5-Year Smoothed market
Inflation	3.0%
Investment Rate of Return	7.5%
Projected Salary Increases	N/A
Retirement Age	50% per year of eligibility until 100% at age 65
Mortality	Pre-retirement: RP-2000 Combined Mortality Table with Blue Collar Adjustment, 40% multiplier for off-duty mortality. Post retirement: RP-2000 Combined Mortality Table, with Blue Collar Adjustment Disabled: RP-2000 Disabled Mortality Table All tables projected with Scale AA

** plans that are heavily weighted with retiree liabilities use an amortization period based on the expected remaining lifetime of the participants.*

At least every five years the Fire & Police Pension Association's Board of Directors, in accordance with best practices, reviews its economic and demographic actuarial assumptions. At its July 2011 meeting, the Board of Directors reviewed and approved recommended changes to the actuarial assumptions. The recommendations were made by the Fire & Police Pension Association's actuaries, Gabriel, Roeder, Smith & Co., based upon their analysis of past experience and expectations of the future.

LOWER VALLEY FIRE PROTECTION DISTRICT
Notes to Financial Statements
December 31, 2018

Note 2 – Defined Benefit Pension Plan – Volunteer Pension-continued

General Information about the Pension Plan-continued

Pension Liabilities/ (Asset), Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions-continued

Long-term Expected Return of Plan Assets

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a building-block method in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighing the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. Best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return which eliminates the 2.5%inflation assumption, for each major asset class included in the Fund's target asset allocation as of December 31, 2017 are summarized in the following table:

Asset Class	Target Allocation	Long-Term Expected Rate of Return
Global Equity	37.00%	8.33%
Equity Long/Short	9.00%	7.15%
Fixed Income	15.00%	3.00%
Absolute Return	9.00%	6.46%
Private Capital	24.00%	9.70%
Cash	<u>2.00%</u>	2.26%

The figures in the above table were supplied by Fire and Police Pension Association Staff.

Discount Rate-continued

Regarding the sensitivity of the net pension liability/ (asset) to changes in the Single Discount Rate, the following presents the plan's net pension liability/ (asset), calculated using a Single Discount Rate of 7.50%, as well as what the plan's net pension liability/ (asset) would be if it were calculated using a Single Discount Rate that is one percent lower or one percent higher:

	1% Decrease (6.50%)	Current Discount Rate (7.50%)	1% Increase (8.50%)
Proportionate share of the net pension liability/(asset)	\$(458,517)	\$(614,130)	\$(742,790)

Note 3 – Fire & Police Statewide Defined Benefit Plan

General Information about the Fire & Police Statewide Defined Benefit Plan

Plan description.

The Statewide Defined Benefit Plan (SWDB) is a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan covering substantially all full-time employees of participating fire or police departments in Colorado hired on or after April 8, 1978 (New Hires), provided that they are not already covered by a statutorily exempt plan. As of august 5, 2003, the Plan may include clerical and other personnel from the districts whose services are auxiliary to fire protection. The Plan became effective January 1, 1980.

LOWER VALLEY FIRE PROTECTION DISTRICT
Notes to Financial Statements
December 31, 2018

Note 3 – Fire & Police Statewide Defined Benefit Plan-continued

General Information about the Fire & Police Statewide Defined Benefit Plan

Description of benefits

A member is eligible for a normal retirement pension once the member has completed twenty-five years of credited service and has obtained the age of 55.

The annual normal retirement benefit is 2 percent of the average of the member's highest three years' base salary for each year of credited service up to ten years, plus 2.5 percent for each year of service thereafter. The benefit earned prior to January 1, 2007 for members of affiliated Social Security employers will be reduced by the amount of Social Security income payable to the member annually. Effective January 1, 2007, members currently covered under Social Security will receive half the benefit when compared to the Statewide Defined Benefit Plan. Benefits paid to retired members are evaluated and may be re-determined every October 1. The amount of any increase is based on the Board's discretion and can range from 0 to the higher of 3 percent or the Consumer Price Index.

A member is eligible for an early retirement at age 50 or after 30 years of service. The early retirement benefit equals the normal retirement benefit reduced on an actuarially equivalent basis. Upon termination, an employee may elect to have member contributions, along with 5 percent as interest, returned as a lump sum distribution. Alternatively, a member with at least five years of accredited service may leave contributions with the Plan and remain eligible for a retirement pension at age 55 equal to 2 percent of the member's average highest three years' base salary for each year of credited service up to ten years, plus 2.5 percent for each year of service thereafter.

Contributions

The Plan sets contribution rates at a level that enables all benefits to be fully funded at the retirement date of all members. Contribution rates for this Plan are set by state statute. Employer contribution rates can only be amended by state statute. Member contribution rates can be amended by state statute or by election of the membership.

Members of this Plan and their employers are contributing at the rate of 10.0 percent and 8 percent, respectively, of base salary for a total contribution rate of 18.0 percent in 2018. In 2014, the members elected to increase the member contribution rate to the Plan beginning in 2015. Member contribution rates will increase 0.5 percent annually through 2022 to a total of 12 percent of base salary. Employer contributions will remain at 8 percent resulting in a combined contribution rate of 20 percent in 2022.

Contributions from members and employers of plans re-entering the system are established by resolution and approved by the FPPA Board of Directors. The reentry group has a combined contribution rate of 21.5 percent of base salary in 2017. **It is a local decision on who pays the additional 4 percent contribution.** Per the 2014 member election, the reentry group will also have their required member contribution rate increase 0.5 percent annually beginning in 2015 through 2022 for a total combined member and employer contribution rate of 24 percent in 2022.

Basis of Presentation

The underlying financial information used to prepare the Schedule of Employer Contributions and Schedule of Collective Pension Amounts is based on FPPA's financial statements. FPPA follows the accounting principles and reporting guidelines as set forth by Governmental Accounting Standards Board. The financial statements are prepared using the accrual basis of accounting and reflect the overall operations of FPPA. Employer contributions in FPPA's financial statements are recognized in the period in which the contributions are due

LOWER VALLEY FIRE PROTECTION DISTRICT
Notes to Financial Statements
December 31, 2018

Note 3 – Fire & Police Statewide Defined Benefit Plan-continued

General Information about the Fire & Police Statewide Defined Benefit Plan

Basis of Presentation-continued

Employer contributions received and processed within the year ended December 31, 2017 are used as the basis for reporting within the Schedule of Employer Contributions. As reported in FPPA's Other Supplementary Schedule of Fiduciary Net Position by Participating Employer in the December 31, 2017 Comprehensive Annual Financial Report (CAFR), employer contributions to the SWDB plan were \$44,362,720 compared to total employer contribution of \$46,794,367 on the Schedule of Employer Contributions. Adjustments were made to the total employer contribution to annualize departments that joined the plan during the year, to reduce employer contributions to zero for departments that had no remaining members at year end, and for known significant adjustments of non-recurring amounts.

The Schedule of Collective Pension Amounts represent total pension amounts for the SWDB plan. This schedule excludes employer-specific deferral amounts that may need to be recognized to comply with Governmental Accounting /standards Board (GASB) Statement No. 68, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pensions. Specifically, this schedule excludes deferral amounts arising from changes in employer proportion, differences between contributions and proportionate share of contributions, and employer contributions subsequent to the measurement date as defined in paragraph 54 through 57 of GASB Statement No. 68.

Contributions to the Plan from the Department were \$41,189 for the year ended December 31, 2018.

Actuarial Valuation Dates

The collective total pension liability as of December 31, 2017 is based upon the January 1, 2018 actuarial valuation. The actuarially determined contributions as of December 31, 2017 are based upon the January 2017 actuarial valuation.

Actuarial Assumptions

The actuarial valuation for the Statewide Defined Benefit Plan were used to determine the total pension liability and actuarially determined contributions for the fiscal year ending December 31, 2017. The valuation used the following actuarial assumption and other inputs:

Actuarial Method	Entry Age Normal
Amortization Method	Level % of Payroll, Open (includes inflation of 2.5%)
Amortization Period	30 Years*
Investment Rate of Return	7.5%
Projected Salary Increases	4.0% - 14.0%

Effective January 1, 2016, the post-retirement mortality tables for non-disabled retirees is a blend of the Annuitant and Employee RP-2014 generational mortality tables with blue collar adjustment projected with Scale BB. The occupationally disabled post-retirement mortality assumption uses the same table as used for healthy annuitants, except there is a three year set-forward, meaning a disabled member age 70 will be valued as if they were a 73 year old healthy retiree. The totally disabled post-retirement mortality assumption uses the RP-2014 generational mortality tables for disabled annuitants, except an additional provision to apply a minimum 3% mortality probability to males and 2% mortality probability for females is included to reflect substantial impairment for this population. The pre-retirement off-duty mortality tables are adjusted to 55% of the RP-2014 mortality tables for active employees. The on-duty mortality rate is 0.00020.

LOWER VALLEY FIRE PROTECTION DISTRICT
Notes to Financial Statements
December 31, 2018

Note 3 – Fire & Police Statewide Defined Benefit Plan-continued

General Information about the Fire & Police Statewide Defined Benefit Plan

Actuarial Assumptions-continued

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a building-block method in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investments expense and inflation) are developed for each major class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighing the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. Best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class included in the Fund's target asset allocation as of December 31, 2017 are summarized in the following table:

Asset Class	Target Allocation	Long Term Expected Rate of Return
Global Equity	37.0%	8.33%
Equity Long/Short	9.0%	7.15%
Illiquid Alternatives	24.0%	9.70%
Fixed Income	15.0%	3.00%
Absolute Return	9.0%	6.46%
Managed Futures	4.0%	6.85%
Cash	<u>2.0%</u>	2.26%
Total	<u>100%</u>	

The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 7.5%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that contributions from participating employers will be made based on the actuarially determined rates based on the Board's funding policy, which establishes the contractually required rates under Colorado statutes. Based on those assumptions, the SWDB plan fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all the projected future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

At December 31, 2018, the Department reported a net asset of \$341,267 for its proportionate share of the net pension liability/ (asset). The net pension liability (asset) was measured as of December 31, 2017, and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability/ (asset) was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date. **The Department's proportion of the net pension liability/ (asset) was based on a projection of the Department's long-term share of contributions to the pension plan relative to the projected contributions of all participating Departments, actuarially determined.** At December 31, 2017, the Department's proportion was 0.096 percent, which was an increase/ (decrease) of .013 percent from its proportion measured as of December 31, 2016.

Discount Rate

Projected benefit payments are required to be discounted to their actuarial present values using a Single Discount Rate that reflects (1) a long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments (to the extent that the plan's fiduciary net position is projected to be sufficient to pay benefits) and (2) tax-exempt municipal bond rates based on an index of 20-year general obligation bonds with an average AS credit rating as of the measurement date (to the extent that the plan's projected fiduciary net position is not sufficient to pay benefits).

For the purpose of this valuation, the expected rate of return on pension plan investments in 7.5%; the municipal bond rate is 3.57% (based on the weekly rate closest to but not later than the measurement date of the "state & local bonds" rate from Federal Reserve statistical release (H.15)); and the resulting Single Discount Rate is 7.5%.

LOWER VALLEY FIRE PROTECTION DISTRICT
Notes to Financial Statements
December 31, 2018

Note 3 – Fire & Police Statewide Defined Benefit Plan-continued

General Information about the Fire & Police Statewide Defined Benefit Plan-continued

Discount rate-continued

Regarding the sensitivity of the net pension liability/ (asset) to change in the Single Discount Rate, the following presents the plan's net pension liability using a Single Discount Rate of 7.50%, as well as what the plan's net pension liability/ (asset) would be if it were calculated using a Single Discount Rate that is one percent lower or one percent higher:

	1.00% Decrease*	Current Discount Rate*	1.00% Increase*
Department's proportionate share of the net pension liability/(asset)	\$137,865	\$(126,632)	\$(346,263)

For the year ended December 31, 2018, the Department recognized pension expense of \$50,357. At December 31, 2018, the Department reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	Deferred Outflows of Resources	Deferred Inflows of Resources
Differences between actual and expected experience	\$ 91,320	\$ 44,399
Changes in assumptions	19,079	-
Net difference between actual and projected earnings on pension plan investments	-	-
Changes in proportion and differences between Department contributions and proportionate share of contributions	¤ 11,157	-
Department contributions subsequent to the measurement date	50,340	
Total	\$ 171,896	\$ 44,399

\$50,340 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pensions resulting from Department contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the year ended December 31, 2019. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Year ended December 31,	
2018	\$ 15,005
2019	13,047
2020	-5,227
2021	-12,005
2022	13,454
Thereafter	41,725

LOWER VALLEY FIRE PROTECTION DISTRICT
Notes to Financial Statements
December 31, 2018

Note 4 – Change in Fixed Assets

Governmental Activities:

	Balance 1/1/2018	Additions	Deletions	Balance 12/31/2018
Land	\$ 16,543	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 16,543
Buildings & improvements	3,348,619	11,157	-	3,359,776
Vehicles	1,868,610	-	-	1,868,610
Equipment	775,613	59,080	-	834,693
Office furniture & equipment	65,498	3,553	-	69,051
Total	<u>6,074,883</u>	<u>73,790</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>6,148,673</u>
Less accumulated depreciation	<u>(2,079,049)</u>	<u>(242,486)</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>(2,321,535)</u>
Construction-in-process	3,553	-	3,553	-
Governmental activities capital assets, Net	<u>\$ 3,999,387</u>	<u>\$ (168,696)</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ 3,827,138</u>

Depreciation expense for 2018 was \$242,486

Note 5 - Deposits and Investments

The Colorado Public Deposit Protection Act (PDPA) requires that all units of local government deposit cash in eligible public depositories; state regulators determine eligibility. Amounts on deposit in excess of federal insurance levels must be collateralized. The eligible collateral is determined by the PDPA. PDPA allows the institution to create a single collateral pool for all public funds. The pool is to be maintained by another institution or held in trust for all the uninsured public deposits as a group. The market value of the collateral must be at least equal to the aggregate uninsured deposits. Collateral in the pool is considered to be equal to the depository insurance pursuant to definitions listed in GASB Standards. At December 31, 2018, the District's cash deposits had a bank balance of \$98,181, all of which was covered by federal depository insurance. There was \$200 was uninsured cash on hand.

At December 31, 2018, the deposits of the governmental activities consisted of the following:

Cash on hand	\$ 200
Cash in bank accounts	<u>98,181</u>
Total	<u>\$ 98,381</u>

Investments

Colorado statutes specify in which instruments the units of local government may invest, this includes:

- Repurchase agreements;
- Obligations of the United States or obligations unconditionally guaranteed by the United States;
- Obligations of the State of Colorado and most general obligations of units of local government;
- Federally insured mortgages and student loans;
- Participation with other local governments in pooled investment funds (trusts). These trusts are supervised by participating governments and must comply with the same restrictions on cash deposits and investments.

The District's investment policy follows Colorado statutes

LOWER VALLEY FIRE PROTECTION DISTRICT

Notes to Financial Statements

December 31, 2018

Note 5 - Deposits and Investments-continued

Investments-continued

At year-end, the District had invested \$790,017 in Colorado Government Liquid Assets Trust (COLOTRUST), an investment vehicle established for local government entities in Colorado to pool surplus funds. COLOTRUST operates similarly to a money market fund and each share is equal in value to \$1.00. Investments of COLOTRUST consist of U.S. Treasury bills, notes and note strips, and repurchase agreements collateralized by U.S. Treasury securities. A designated custodial bank provides safekeeping and depository services to COLOTRUST in connection with the direct investment and withdrawal functions of COLOTRUST. Substantially all securities owned by COLOTRUST are held by the Federal Reserve Bank in the account maintained for the custodial bank. The custodian's internal records identify the investment owned by COLOTRUST. This pool is not required to and is not registered with the SEC. COLOTRUST funds are rated AAA by Standard and Poor's, Fitch's, and Moody's rating services. This investment is measured at Net Asset Value.

Note 6 - Tax, Spending, and Debt Limitation

In November 1992, the voters of Colorado approved Amendment 1, commonly known as the Taxpayer's Bill of Rights (TABOR), which adds a new Section 20 to Article X of the Colorado Constitution. TABOR contains tax, spending, revenue, and debt limitations that apply to the State of Colorado and all local governments.

TABOR requires, with certain exceptions, voter approval prior to imposing new taxes, increasing a tax rate, increasing a mill levy above that for the prior year, extending an expiring tax, or implementing a tax policy change directly causing a net tax revenue gain to any local government.

On May 2, 2000, the voters approved authorization for Lower Valley Fire Protection District to collect all sources of revenue and support without regard to any limitations contained within the amendment to the State Constitution, Article X, Section 20.

Note 7 – Use of Restrict Funds and Unrestricted Funds

It is the District's policy to apply restricted assets first then unrestricted when restricted funds can be applied to that item.

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTAL INFORMATION

LOWER VALLEY FIRE PROTECTION DISTRICT

Required Supplemental Information

December 31, 2018

Schedule of the Department's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability/ (Asset)
Fire & Police Statewide Defined Benefit Plan as of December 31,

	2018	2017
Department's proportion of the net pension liability/(asset)	.088%	.093%
Department's proportionate share of the net pension liability/(asset)	\$(171,896)	\$35,086
Department's covered-employee payroll	\$629,250	\$514,837
Department's proportionate share of the net pension liability/(asset) as a percentage of is covered-employee payroll	27.3%	6.82%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability	106.3%	98.21%

Schedule of Department Contributions
Fire & Police Statewide Defined Benefit Plan
As of December 31,

	2018	2017
Contractually required contribution	\$50,340	\$41,187
Contributions in relation to the contractually required contribution	\$50,340	\$41,187
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$-	\$ -
Department's covered-employee payroll	\$629,250	\$514,837
Contributions as a percentage of covered-employee payroll	8.00%	8.00%

LOWER VALLEY FIRE PROTECTION DISTRICT

Required Supplemental Information

December 31, 2018

Notes to Required Supplementary Information - Fire & Police Statewide Defined Benefit Plan

Changes in plan provisions.

The plan provisions have not changed since the prior valuation. The member contribution rate will increase to 10.0% in 2018 as a result of the member election.

Benefit Adjustments.

Benefits to members and beneficiaries may be increased annually on October 1. The amount is based on the Fire & Police Pension Association Board of Directors discretion and can range from 0 percent to 3 percent. Benefit adjustment may begin once the retired member has been receiving retirement benefits for at least 12 calendar months prior to October 1.

LOWER VALLEY FIRE PROTECTION DISTRICT
SCHEDULES OF REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION
SCHEDULE OF CHANGES IN NET PENSION LIABILITY/(ASSET) AND RELATED RATIO INFORMATION
Last 10 Fiscal Years (to be built prospectively)

Measurement period ending December 31,	2017	2016	2015	2014
Total Pension Liability				
Service Cost	\$ 19,514	\$ 19,419	\$ 19,419	\$ 15,901
Interest on the Total Pension Liability	96,146	82,871	81,415	67,336
Benefit Changes	-	101,042	-	201,699
Difference between Expected and Actual Experience	-	21,918	-	(19,642)
Assumption Changes	-	40,012	-	-
Benefit Payments	(90,310)	(86,375)	(76,650)	(81,840)
Net Change in Total Pension Liability	25,350	178,887	24,184	183,454
Total Pension Liability - Beginning	1,316,707	1,137,820	1,113,636	930,182
Total Pension Liability -Ending (a)	\$ 1,342,057	\$ 1,316,707	\$ 1,137,820	\$ 1,113,636
Plan Fiduciary Net Position				
Employer Contribution	\$ 116,492	\$ -	\$ 105,151	\$ 105,270
Pension Plan Net Investment Income	252,370	85,606	27,470	93,057
Benefit Payments	(90,310)	(86,375)	(76,650)	(81,840)
Pension Plan Administrative Expense	(9,745)	(2,821)	(4,643)	(2,559)
State of Colorado Supplemental Discretionary Payment	29,406	29,406	29,406	29,406
Net Change in Plan Fiduciary Net Position	298,213	25,816	80,734	143,334
Plan Fiduciary Net Position - Beginning	1,657,974	1,632,158	1,551,424	1,408,090
Plan Fiduciary Net Position - Ending (b)	\$ 1,956,187	\$ 1,657,974	\$ 1,632,158	\$ 1,551,424
Net pension Liability/(Asset) - Ending (a)-(b)	\$ (614,130)	\$ (341,267)	\$ (494,338)	\$ (437,788)
Plan Fiduciary Net Position as a Percentage of Total Pension Liability	145.76%	125.92%	143.45%	139.31%
Covered Employee Payroll	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Net Pension Liability as a Percentage of Covered Employee Payroll	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A

LOWER VALLEY FIRE PROTECTION DISTRICT
SCHEDULE OF CONTRIBUTIONS MULTIYEAR

December 31, 2017

FY Ending December 31,	Actuarially Determined Contribution	Actual Contribution*	Contribution Deficiency (Excess)	Covered Payroll	Actual Contribution as a % of Covered Payroll
a	b	c	d=b-c	e	f
2014	\$ -	\$ 134,676	\$ (134,676)	N/A	N/A
2015	\$ -	\$ 134,557	\$ (134,557)	N/A	N/A
2016	\$ -	\$ 29,406	\$ (29,406)	N/A	N/A
2017	\$ -	\$ 145,898	\$ (145,898)	N/A	N/A

* Includes both employer and State of Colorado Supplemental Discretionary Payment.

Lower Valley Fire Protection District
Statement of Revenues, Expenditures
Actual and Budget
For the Year Ended December 31, 2018

	General Fund		Variance Favorable (Unfavorable)
	Budget Original & Final	Actual	
Revenue:			
General property taxes	\$ 1,216,027	\$ 1,148,140	\$ (67,887)
Specific ownership tax	197,124	207,432	10,308
Public safety tax		57,204	57,204
Ambulance	961,148	1,220,995	259,847
Fire & ambulance service contracts	22,510	32,510	10,000
Grant Revenue	102,500	38,812	(63,688)
Interest income	2,516	15,158	12,642
Miscellaneous	249,078	154,854	(94,224)
Total Revenues	<u>2,750,903</u>	<u>2,875,105</u>	<u>124,202</u>
Expenditures:			
Administrative:			
Salaries	1,039,842	1,056,281	(16,439)
Payroll benefits	613,753	480,304	133,449
Insurance	112,770	76,818	35,952
Office expense	21,400	17,775	3,625
Professional	6,804	64,658	(57,854)
Dues and fees	4,445	6,187	(1,742)
Travel and allowances	8,922	6,465	2,457
Treasurers fees	27,865	23,648	4,217
Education/training	28,072	25,685	2,387
Bad debt expense	643,305	807,408	(164,103)
Fire Prevention	3,500	7,898	(4,398)
Equipment Repairs and Maintenance			
Vehicles	22,388	25,237	(2,849)
Equipment	5,242	9,447	(4,205)
Fuel and oil	13,733	21,135	(7,402)
Communication:			
911 expense	59,583	60,056	(473)
Repairs land maintenance	1,500	1,120	380
Supplies			
EMS supplies	49,520	51,039	(1,519)
Fire supplies	79,108	67,833	11,275
Building and Grounds:			
Supplies and expense	63,281	64,698	(1,417)
Total Expenditures	<u>2,805,033</u>	<u>2,873,692</u>	<u>(68,659)</u>
Capital Outlay Major	<u>414,323</u>	<u>70,238</u>	<u>344,085</u>
Total	<u>3,219,356</u>	<u>2,943,930</u>	<u>275,426</u>
Revenue Over (Under) Expenditures	(468,453)	(68,825)	399,628
ADJUSTMENTS TO BUDGET BASIS:			
Beginning Net Position	836,488	1,034,078	\$ 197,590
Ending Net Position	<u>\$ 368,035</u>	<u>\$ 965,253</u>	<u>\$ 597,218</u>